X. TEST DESIGN AND DETAILED RETRIEVAL RESULTS

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SUMMARY

This part describes a number of initial experiments in document retrieval conducted with the SMART system. A set of retrieval requests is processed against a reference collection of 405 abstracts of articles in the computer field. The experiments are designed to determine the influence on retrieval performance of such systems parameters as the thesaurus transformation, concept weighting, the concept hierarchy, phrase-searching techniques, and request-document matching techniques. The detailed experimental results are included.

1. Current Status of the SMART System

At the present time the SMART system is operating as a document retrieval system oriented towards the computer-allied literature. Retrieval requests are matched against a reference collection of 405 abstracts of documents in the field, taken from the <u>IRE Transactions on Electronic</u>

Computers (March, June, and September 1959). The semantic dictionaries of the system are in part tailored to this collection so that, in general, most content-bearing words in these abstracts are included in the dictionary. This fact should be taken into account when judging the experimental results. Future experiments are expected to include other reference documents not previously used in the construction of the dictionaries; this may provide

a more direct indication of system performance. When the system operates with the so-called "null" thesaurus, that is, with concept classes which are in one-to-one correspondence with the word stems, all stems occurring at least four times in the reference collection are taken into account in the matching procedure between documents and search requests. This arises from the fact that the one-to-one word stem to concept (null) dictionary is constructed automatically from the reference collection (Information Storage and Retrieval, Report No. ISR-7, Sec. XI). All frequently occurring stems are then automatically included in the null thesaurus.

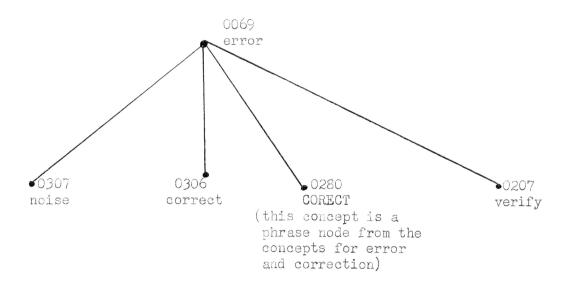
The thesaurus transformation was originally constructed empirically (see <u>Information Storage and Retrieval</u>, Report No. ISR-7, Sec. VII and Sec. VII of the present report). Several important features of the regular (Harris) thesaurus are summarized below.

- (1) The mapping is many-to-many from word stems to concepts.
- (2) Certain morphological variants of a given stem may be specifically entered into the stem dictionary, if warranted by semantic considerations. For example, the concept assigned to "programming" might be different from that assigned to "program," if this were desired. This might be done simply by entering "programming" into the dictionary along with the stem "program." Thus the transformation may deviate somewhat from a strict word stem to concepts mapping.
- (3) The thesaurus is designed such that the sum of the weights of the images of an input term is constant. Thus, if a term maps into a single concept, that concept receives a total weight of w in the resultant document image; if, on the other hand, a term maps into k concepts, each of these

will receive a weight of w/k. This constant weight scheme is designed to reflect term-concept ambiguity by giving more weight to unambiguous concepts. It is necessary to be aware of this fact, in order to be able to compare the results of retrieval operations using numeric vectors with those using logical document images. If logical (presence, absence) vectors are used, the effect of this weighting difference is lost as all concepts in a logical document image receive equal weight. The use of logical weighting then implies a loss of information about concept frequency (since a numeric weight assigned to a concept is equal to the sum of the weights derived from all terms of the document mapping into that concept). In addition, use of logical vectors results in a loss of information about concept ambiguity, which is reflected in the constant total weight technique.

(4) Concepts may be images of "phrases" as well as of terms (word stems), a "phrase" being defined by the phrase-detection scheme employed. Currently, two phrase-detection techniques are used: statistical phrases, in which a phrase is defined by the co-occurrence of concepts within a sentence; and syntactic phrases, in which the concepts in question must also exhibit a pre-specified syntactic relationship. Hyphenated terms, such as "solid-state" and "computer-oriented" are considered to be stems, and are entered explicitly in the dictionary under concepts which also include the phrases for the respective term pairs (without hyphen), for example, "solid state" and "computer oriented." Hence there arises no term-phrase dichotomy in the dictionary, in that some concepts are images only of individual terms, others are images of both terms and phrases, and still others of phrases alone. In some cases this gives rise to an anomaly

when the concept hierarchy is used. Whereas query or document images may be produced with or without phrase detection, the hierarchy consists of relations defined on all the concepts. Therefore, when the hierarchy is used on query images generated without phrase detection, a concept may be obtained which is the image of a phrase or phrases only (see Fig. 1). Clearly, this concept can never match any other in the text images under consideration if no phrase detection is used initially. This results in a general reduction in the correlation coefficient of the query image with



Excerpt from the Concept Hierarchy
Figure 1

all reference images, but is not considered to introduce a significant distortion, since the reduction acts uniformly over all reference documents.

2. Experimental Retrieval Requests

An initial set of retrieval requests was generated by members of the research group, with the aim of covering a cross-section of the major topics included in the reference collection. These requests are not tied to any particular reference documents, although the originators of the requests were to some extent familiar with both the collection and the system. It is expected that further experiments will be made with requests constructed by persons having no knowledge about either the collection or the system.

Relevance judgments for these initial requests were provided by the originators, and resulted from a full search of the total collection. In case of border-line relevance, either a consensus decision was made, or the document was assumed to be relevant. The relevance judgments may therefore be expected to include almost all the potentially relevant documents.

A. SPECIFIC REC	QUESTS	
Request Identifier	Request Text	Relevant ≠ Documents
Morse Code	Can handsent Morse code be transcribed automatically into English? What programs exist to read Morse code?	30 <i>5</i> 394
M2-Transmit	Digital data transmission systems and wire or microwave transmission systems.	40 51
Crystal Calcs.	What programs exist for X-ray crystallographic calculations? I am interested in the manipulation of observed crystal structure factors.	206 207 348
M3-Inform	Information theory and the mathematical theory of communication, code construction, code compression, coding theory, measure of information.	89 117 119
Random Numbers	How can one generate random numbers efficiently? Which pseudo-random sequences offer long periods and ease of generation?	91 94 237 300
Analog-Digit	Analog to digital conversion. Devices and techniques for coding of analog information.	42,46 157,165 296
IR-Indexing	Automatic information retrieval and machine indexing.	3,48 79,80 126,221

Retrieval Requests

TABLE 1

 $^{{\}cal T}_{
m The\ numbers\ are\ the\ IRE\ abstract\ serial\ numbers.}$

		The second secon			
Request Identifier	Request Text	Relevant* Documents			
Core Memory	What techniques are used in digital computer memories which are constructed with magnetic cores? Give circuit properties connected with addressing, sensing, and switching ferrite cores and magnetic properties of the ferrite materials used in computer memories. Consider both coincident current and linear select memories.	267 270 272 292 293 294 295			
M10-Counters	M10-Counters Digital counters and registers, magnetic shift registers and counters, pulse counting circuitry.				
B. GENERAL REQU	LSTS				
Request Identifier	Request Text	Relevant † Documents			
Automata Phr.	Automata theory. Computa- bility and effective computability. Finite-state sequential machines. Türing machines and other tape automata.	129,176 241,264 313,315 316,371 372			
Pattern Recg.	Tell me about pattern recog- nition. How are two-dimensional patterns scanned and encoded for a computer? What procedures are used to detect and identify alphabetic characters?	1,39 54,163 205,224 314,350 351,353			

TABLE 1 (continued)

	\wedge	
Request Identifier	Request Text	Relevant P
Differentl Eq.	Give algorithms useful for the numeric solution of ordinary differential equations and partial differential equations on digital computers. Evaluate the various integration procedures (e.g., Runge-Kutta, Milne's method) with respect to accuracy, stability, and speed.	85,102 103,200 202,251 253,358 360,384 385,386 387,388 390
Solstat Circ.	Is there a discussion of the application of solid-state circuits to digital computers? I am interested in the use of transistors or diodes in logic and switching circuits, or in the realization of counters, shift registers, and gating elements.	9,12,13 22,25,27 133,141 143,145 177,267 273,278 279,281 291,304
M9-Watlarg	Mechanical translation; language analysis, dictionary lookup methods, automatic information retrieval, analysis of information, scanning and search systems, matching of information identifications.	3,48 79,80,81 112,113,114 115,116,125 126,162,183 221,222,223 255,314
Comp. Systems	Organization of digital computers. Logical design of computer systems. The structure of computing systems.	1,2,27,31,41 127,128,129,130 140,177,261,262 263,264,278,301 302,309,343,370
Comps. Assemb.	Compilers and assemblers, things like FORTRAN, FAP, and MAD. Systems programming and source language coding.	61,62,63,64,65,66 67,179,180,181,183 184,185,218,226,318 319,320,321,322,323 324,325,326,327,328 329,330,332,333,334
M8-Storage	Digital computer storage devices, memory devices such as magnetic disks, tapes, drums, and magnetic and ferrite corestorage arrays.	3,16,34,35,36 37,134,137,138,139 150,151,152,161,267 268,269,270,273,275 286,287,288,289,290 291,292,293,294,295

TABLE 1 (continued)

Table 1 lists the complete texts of the search requests used in the initial experiments. The serial numbers of the relevant documents for each request are also included.

3. Retrieval Experiments

The tests conducted to date center around an investigation of

(a) the influence of the thesaurus, (b) the influence of phrase identification, (c) the influence of the structure of the text image, and (d) the
effect of modifying search requests with the concept hierarchy. A group
of 17 retrieval requests (described above) was used under the following
conditions:

- (1) concept classes derived from word stems on a one-to-one basis (null thesaurus), cosine correlation search;
- (2) thesaurus derived concept classes, cosine correlation search;
- (3) thesaurus derived concept classes, documents and query images weighted logically, cosine correlation search;
- (4) thesaurus derived concept classes, overlap correlation search:
- (5) thesaurus derived concept classes, document images derived from document titles only, cosine correlation search;
- (6) thesaurus derived concept classes, with phrase detection (statistical) for queries only, cosine correlation search:

- (7) thesaurus derived concept classes with phrase detection (statistical) for both requests and documents, cosine correlation search;
- (8) thesaurus derived concept classes with phrase detection (simulated syntax) for both requests and documents, cosine correlation search;
- (9) thesaurus derived concept classes with request altered by addition of "parent" terms from the concept hierarchy, cosine correlation search; and
- (10) thesaurus derived concept classes with requests altered by addition of "filial" terms from concept hierarchy.

In the preceding list, query or document images are numerical (weighted) concept vectors unless otherwise noted. Simulated syntactic phrase detection refers to a procedure by which syntactic phrase lookup is hard-simulated by eliminating those statistical phrases which do not satisfy the syntactic constraint. The correlation schemes (cosine and overlap) are described in <u>Information Storage and Retrieval</u>, Report No. ISR-7, Sec. X.

Table 2 presents a detailed summary of the retrieval results for each query and the above processing schemes. The evaluation parameters presented are derived in Sec. III of this report. Table 3 gives averages of the normalized evaluation parameters over specific requests, general requests, and all requests.

Hia	esaurus erarchy m, Add, Cosine	5 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	000000	6 4 6 0 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Hie	esaurus erarchy Up, 1. Cosine	1 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3
The Sin Phr Cos	esaurus nulated Syntax rases Sine	1110001	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	WHHHHW 000000
	esaurus at. Phrases sine	22.20.1	800000 8000000000000000000000000000000	8888
The Sta Que	esaurus it Phrases eries Only sine	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		whyhyw
The	esaurus tles Only sine	000000 000000	4	w44448 29889
The	esaurus erlap	5,49,89.	55,0,0,0,0	77.8.3.7.
Los	esaurus jical sine	33835	6 6 8 9 4 8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
	esaurus sine	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	044440 00000 00000	24444 00000 00000
STS	Word Stems Cosine	2. 91. 92. 93. 93. 74. 74.	«4444«	WH444X
REQUESTS	Total Number Relevant	N	C.S.	m
A. SHORT SPECIFIC	Reduces t	Morse Gode #rel in 1st 15 rank recall log prec, norm, recall norm, prec, and norm, prec,	M2-Transmît	Orystal Calc.

Retrieval Results For Individual Requests

	Thesaurus Hierarchy Down, Add, Cosine	93355	411112 000000000000000000000000000000000	46.00 88 708 708
	Thesaurus Hierarchy Up, Add, Cosine	WHHH48	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
\int	Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrases Cosine	3.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0	711.00 1.00 2.00 2.00	44. 775. 9990. 1.89
	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Cosine	60 60 7.993 1.91	44444 0000 0000 0000	5.79 89.99 1.979
	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Queries Only Cosine	6.000 H	44444 000000 0000000000000000000000000	4 4.7 .992 .932 1.89
/-	Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	711112	2, 40, 44, 11,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83, 10,83
	Thesaurus Overlap	W 70.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	4 .34 .53 .988 1.81	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Thesaurus Logical Cosine	220000 200000	4 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00 5.0	4, 35, 74, 74, 93, 93, 1.87, 1.87
	Thesaurus Cosine	60000000000000000000000000000000000000	74444	3.32.984
	Word Stems Cosine	09006.1	4 8.9.9.9.9.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	7.000 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	Total Number Relevant	W	7	N
	Request	M3-Inform	Random Numbs	Analog-Digit

TABLE 2 (continued)

TABLE 2 (continued)

	Thesaurus Hierarchy Down Add. Cosine	58 47.58 50.54 50.54	340ti v 2020 m	
t	Thesaurus Hierarchy Up, Add, Cosine	3. 22. 4.2. 5. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	4, 22, 3, 4, 25, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 5, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	0, 20, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
	Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrases Cosìne	2, 3, 5, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	4 82. 1700 277 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	ω, ω
	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Cosine	2 30. 50. 50. 50. 50. 50. 50. 50. 50. 50. 5	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	8 20,000 20,000
	Thesaurus Stat. Pheases Queries Only Cosine	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	2.000 2.5 4.000 2.5 4.000 2.5	က ထို့ထို့သုံ့တွဲ ထုံဆည့်တွဲတွဲတွဲ
	Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine	0 0 4 6 4 0	u ingern ingern	5 4 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6
	Thesaurus Overlap	20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	4.4000 6.4200 6.4000	20000 20000
	Thesaurus Logical Cosine	5 81. 604. 6080 6080 6080 6080 6080 6080 6080 608	6 9 6 8 8 6 9 6 8 8 6 9	2000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Thesaurus Cosine	1,40° 1,30°	2.28.10.6.14.72.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12.12	00,00,000 00,000,000
	Word Stems Cosine	4.24.1.973.1.588.1.54.1.		200000
	Potal Number Relayant	v	c-	ಭ
ì				
	Recuest	IR-Indexing	re Memory	M10-Counters
	Rec	IR.	00ve	T ₄

5	Thesaurus Hierarchy Down, Add, Cosine	12 .49 .85 .956 .88
	Thesaurus Hierarchy Up, Add, Cosine	9 .31 .77 .906 .79
	Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrases Cosine	11 .36 .82 .928 .81
	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Cosine	11. 44. .94. .946. .84
	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Queries Only Cosine	12 .46 .87 .952 .90
	Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine	1.28 .902 1.28
	Thesaurus Overlap	21 24.7 27.8 27.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0
	Thesaurus Logical Cosine	9.28 .72 .893 1.13
	Thesaurus Cosine	112 .446 .866 .952 1.657
	Word Stems Cosine	9 .42 .79 .943 .81
	Total Number Relevant	30
	Requests	M8-Storage

TABLE 2 (continued)

Thesaurus Hierarchy Down, Add, Cosine	11. 36. 37. 37. 37. 37. 37. 1.62.	9.24 .70 .916 .777	5.1.6.58 82.58 60.60 83.83
Thesaurus Hierarchy Up, Add, Cosine	2	113850	71. 438. 858. 968.
Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrases Cosine	4.22. .64. .915.	25. 1 25. 50. 1 23. 25. 1 33. 25. 1	213.80.00
Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Cosine	2 H	11.521. 77. 1.587.	7.11.0.25.00.00 7.42.25.00.00
Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Queries Only Cosine	10 .40 .777 .85 1.67	7.19.65	7 .18 .65 .70 .70 .70 .70
Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine	7 1,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6,0 6	4, 100 1,	20,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10
Thesaurus Overlap	01 573 870° 1 870° 1	22. 22. 70. 1.908. 1.31	41.75.8.52.7.8.9.00
Thesaurus Logical Cosine	L1 7	10 .28 .77 .84.2 1.49	4 11. 568. 566. 586. 587.
Thesaurus Cosine	17. .77. .43. .43. .1.67	7 .19 .64 .881 .70	7.18 .055 .065 .03
Word Stems Cosine	9 46 .971 .90 1.76	8 .16 .66 .884 .72	4 10 49 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Total Number Relevant	82	19	27
Request	Solstat Gire,	M9-Natlang	Comp Systems

TABLE 2 (continued)

Thesaurus Hierarchy Down, Add, Cosine	15 .60 .971 .92
Thesaurus Hierarchy Up, Add, Cosine	15 .90 .965 1.73
Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrases Cosine	12 .29 .77 .897 .74
Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Cosine	21 748. 748. 748. 748.
Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Queries Only Cosine	9.37 .80. .827
Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine	12 .30 .82 .898 .94
Thesaurus Overlap	21 844. 888. 1788. 1788. 1788.
Thesaurus Logical Cosine	22 .49 .86 .912 .888 .1.59
Thesaurus Cosine	15. 16. 195. 1979. 1.82
Word Stems Cosine	12. • 43 • 916 • 83 • 11.
Total Number Relevant	73
Requests	Comps Assemb

TABLE 2 (continued)

·18									
	Over- all	1.66	1.73	5.7.	1.68	1.21	1.7	1.76	1. 10.
All Requests	Normalized Precision	98*	88	. 82	98.	.77	.87	. 89	. 85
A1.1	Normalized Recall	596.	696.	976.	. 965	. 889	.968	.973	.959
ts	Over-all	7.1	1.57	1.40	H KV	1.09	1.54	1.60	1.44
General Requests	Normalized Normalized Recall Precision	. 82	78.	. 78	78°	.77		ν. Θ	8
Gene	Normalized Recall	.926	546.	.914	07/6°	.871	.941	.950	.927
87.	Over-all	1.86	1.87	1.73	1,81	1.31	1.87	1.90	1.84
Specific Requests	Normalized Normalized Recall Precision	06°	.91	% 70	.87	.79	۲6°	. 63	06.
Speci	Normalized Recall	.993	166.	976.	.987	506°	.992	766.	. 988
	Method	Word Stems Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Logical Weights Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Overlap Corr.	Thesaurus Titles Only Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Stat. Phrases Queries Only Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Stat. Phrase Cosine Corr.	Thesaurus Simulated Syntax Phrase Cosine Corr.

Averages of Normalized Evaluation Parameters

/	Production in Contracts	l Over-	т 25,		1.67
	All Requests	Normalized Normalized Over- Recall Precision all	. 80		.84
	All	Normalized Recall	976.		.996
(رد د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	Over-all	1.36		ر ا
	General Requests	Normalized Precision	. 78		ದ್ಹ
$\left(\right)$	Ger	Normalized Normalized Recall Precision	916.		.937
	sts	Over-all	1.68		Ω
$\left\langle \right\rangle$	Specific Requests	Normalized Normalized Recall Precision	28.		. 87
	Š	Normalized Recall	. 972		. 992
		Method	Thesaurus Hierarchy Hm. Add	Corr.	Thesaurus Hierarchy Down, Add, Cosine Corr.

TABLE 3 (continued)

0							
A. SPECIFIC REQUE	Thesaurus and Word Stems	Thesaurus and Stat. Phrases	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Down, Add	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Uo,Add	Thesaurus, Word Stems and Statistical Phrases		
Morse Code rank recall log. prec. norm. recall norm. prec. WTED. norm. rec. and norm. prec.	Total Number Relevant	.23 .28 .988 .84	.60 •39 •998 •90 1.89	•33 •33 •992 •88 1.84	.25 .29 .989 .85	.50 .43 .996 .92 1.90	
M2-Transmit	2	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	
Crystal Calc.	3	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	.86 .86 .999 .98	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	
M3-Inform	3	.50 .53 .995 .90 1.86	•55 •56 •996 •91 1•89	.60 .62 .997 .93 1.92	.67 .67 .998 .94 1.93	.50 .53 .995 .90 1.88	
Random Numbs.	4	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	•91 •93 •999 •99	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00	
Analog-Digit	5	.38 .65 .988 .90	,60 .79 .995 .95	.38 .63 .987 .89	.20 .48 .970 .80	.47 .72 .991 .92 1.88	

Combined Method Retrieval Results for Individual Requests

Request	Total Number Relevant	Thesaurus and Word Stems	Thesaurus and Stat. Phrases	Thesaurus and Hier rehy Down, Add	Thesaurus anc Hierarchy Up,Add	Thesaurus and Word Stems; Statistical Phrases
IR-Indexing	6	.23 .43 .970 .70 1.55	.48 .68 .990 .89 1.84	.43 .64 .988 .88 1.82	.24 .43 .972 .71 1.57	.44 .58 .989 .84 1.78
Core Memory	*7		.30 .54 .976 .78	.30 .56 .976 .80 1.68	.25 .55 .969 .79	
M10-Counters	8	.90 .96 .999 .99	.95 .98 .999 .99	.84 .93 .998 .98 1.97	.90 .95 .999 .99	.90 .96 .999 .99
M8-Storage	30	•54 •87 •964 •87 1•70	.45 .85 .949 .86 1.60	.48 .86 .956 .86	.40 .82 .939 .82 1.51	.54 .87 .965 .88 1.70

TABLE 4 (continued)

B. GENERAL REQUEST	S	Calebrania de la compansión de la compan	8 8 8			and
Request	Total Number Relevant	Thesaurus and Word Stems	Thesaurus and Stat. Phrases	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Down, Add	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Up, Add	Thesaurus a Word Stems, Statistical Phrases
Automata Phr.	9	.31 .69 .971 .86 1.72	•30 •74 •970 •89 1.74	.21 .62 .952 .81 1.57	.21 .65 .952 .83 1.59	•32 •74 •973 •89
Pattern Recg ,	10	.35 .74 .974 .88 1.75	•34 •71 •973 •87 1•73	.22 .58 .949 .76 1.51	•37 •73 •977 •87 1•76	.31 .71 .969 .86
Differntl Eq.	16	.79 .94 .994 .97 1.94	.89 .96 .997 .98 1.97	.62 .88 .987 .94 1.87	.65 .88 .988 .94	.92 .98 .998 .99 1.98
Solstat Circ.	18	.37 .74 .959 .82 1.61	.37 .74 .958 .82 1.61	•39 •77 •962 •85 1•66	.37 .76 .959 .84 1.63	.37 .72 .958 .80
M9-Natlang	19	.17 .65 .877 .72	.29 .74 .937 .82 1.50	.22 .66 .908 .73 1.27	.16 .60 .860 .66	

TABLE 4 (continued)

	-		Marian State of the last of th		-	and printed the law and the la
Request	Total Number Relevant	Thesaurus and Word Stems	Thesaurus and Stat. Phrases	Inesaurus and Hierarchy Down, Add	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Up, Add	Thesaurus and Word Stems, Statistical Phrases
Comp. Systems	21	.17 .65 .861 .69 1.00	.19 .66 .875 .71 1.09	.16 .62 .854 .65	.18 .65 .865 .70	
Comps. Assemb.	31	.55 .89 .965 .89 1.71	.52 .89 .961 .90 1.70	.58 .90 .969 .90 1.74	.57 .91 .968 .91	.53 .89 .962 .89 1.70

TABLE 4 (continued)

All Requests	zed Over-all	1.73	7.7.	1.72	1.68	1.85
	ed Normalized Precision	**************************************	6,	,	CO CO	Š.
	Normalized Recall	.970	0,000	696.	965	879.
:s†s:	d Jver-all	7.56	1.62	-i	4	- 1 - 1
General Requests	Normalized Precision	7/8•	8.	ಹ	8	φ.
Ger	Normalized Recall	976°	o. 100	276°	.939	7.26
sts	Over-all	₩ ₩	76.7	©, ⊢	1.83	1.93
Specific Requests	Normalized Normalized Recall Precision	26°	76°	e) 0)	6.	56.
	Vormalized Recall	6,	56	£66°	886.	966.
	Method	Thesaurus and Word Stems	Thesaurus and Stat. Phrases	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Down, Add	Thesaurus and Hierarchy Up, Add	Thesaurus and Word Stems, Stat. Phrases

Averages of Normalized Evaluation Parameters for Combined Methods

TABLE 5

Tables 2 and 3 deal with the performance characteristics of individual processing methods. To investigate the performance which might be obtained by using pairs or triples of different analysis techniques for retrieval purposes, a program was written which merges the retrieval lists for a given request over a number of processing methods. The merged list is then treated as a standard retrieval list, and all of the evaluation measures developed for individual methods may be applied to the merged list. An investigation of the performance of the merged methods has not been completed. However, Table 4 contains some typical results of merging the output for different processing methods on a request-by-request basis. Table 5 presents averages of the evaluation parameters over specific, general, and all requests for each of the merged processes.